APPENDIX F

Tennessee Pyramid of Intervention

Questions for Selection of Intervention Models for Tier I and Tier II Schools for School Level Descriptive Information

Tennessee Pyramid of Intervention

Excellence

Focus Schools will receive a lower-intensity intervention model using Exemplary Educators and STATS to indentify needs and implement aggressive change to correct weaknesses.

FOCUS SCHOOLS

Focus Schools are those classified as in School Improvement 1 and School Improvement 2 status in the Tennessee Accountability Continuum.

The LEA will be required to choose a proven model for capacitybuilding and transformational change. These schools will remain with the LEA, which will work in partnership with the TN DOE to provide autonomy and support to the providers of the chosen model. RENEWAL SCHOOLS

Renewal Schools must have advanced to Corrective Action or Restructuring 1 status in the Tennessee Accountability Continuum.

Achievement School District schools will be academically and administratively removed from their current LEA and reconstituted with the maximum level of intervention and support from the Achievement District Collaborative. The schools will maintain an informal relationship with the LEA as the TN DOE works with the LEA to build reform and support capacity at the local level.

ACHIEVEMENT SCHOOL

DISTRICT

The Tennessee Commissioner of Education has the authority to place persistently failing schools (those defined as in Restructuring 2 or beyond in the Tennessee Accountability Continuum and NCLB) and persistently lowest-achieving schools (those defined as Tier 1 schools in the federal regulations) under the control of the ASD.

Learning Lab

All schools in Tennessee will receive state support to put them on a trajectory toward excellence. Supports include: Common Core Standards and balance assessment systems, access to the enhanced longitudinal data system via the data dashboard, training on using data for instructional decision making, STEM initiative opportunities, changes in teacher and principal preparation and individualized support for improvement, the multiple measure teacher and principal evaluation system for coaching and decision making, and ongoing research and evaluation of what's working in Tennessee.

Questions for selection of an Intervention for Tier I and Tier II schools only. Please refer to VII. School Level Descriptive Information

Excerpt from Handbook on Effective Implementation of School Improvement Grants, Center on Innovation & Improvement

The Turnaround Model

The LEA replaces the principal (although the LEA may retain a recently hired principal where a turnaround, restart, or transformation was instituted in past two years) and rehiring no more than 50% of the staff; gives greater principal autonomy; implements other prescribed and recommended strategies.

- 1. How will the LEA select a new leader for the school, and what experience, training, and skills will the new leader be expected to possess?
- 2. How will the LEA assign effective teachers and leaders to the lowest achieving schools?
- 3. How will the LEA begin to develop a pipeline of effective teachers and leaders to work in turnaround schools?
- 4. How will staff replacement be executed—what is the process for determining which staff remains in the school and for selecting replacements?
- 5. How will the language in collective bargaining agreements be negotiated to ensure the most talented teachers and leaders remain in the school?
- 6. What supports will be provided to staff being assigned to other schools?
- 7. What are the budgetary implications of retaining surplus staff within the LEA if that is necessary?
- 8. What is the LEA's own capacity to execute and support a turnaround? What organizations are available to assist with the implementation of the turnaround model?
- 9. What changes in decision-making policies and mechanisms (including greater school-level flexibility in budgeting, staffing, and scheduling) must accompany the infusion of human capital?
- 10. What changes in operational practice must accompany the infusion of human capital, and how will these changes be brought about and sustained?

The Restart Model

The LEA converts or closes and reopens a school under a charter school operator, charter management organization, or education management organization.

- 1. Are there qualified charter management organizations (CMOs) or education management organizations (EMOs) willing to partner with the LEA to start a new school (or convert an existing school) in this location?
- 2. Will qualified community groups initiate a homegrown charter school? The LEA is best served by developing relationships with community groups to prepare them for operating charter schools.
- 3. Based on supply and capacity, which option is most likely to result in acceptable student growth for the student population to be served—homegrown charter school, CMO, or EMO?
- 4. How can statutory, policy, and collective bargaining language relevant to the school be negotiated to allow for closure of the school and restart?
- 5. How will support be provided to staff that are reassigned to other schools as a result of the restart?
- 6. What are the budgetary implications of retaining surplus staff within the LEA if that is necessary?
- 7. What is the LEA's own capacity to support the charter school with access to contractually specified district services and access to available funding?
- 8. How will the SEA assist with the restart?
- 9. What performance expectations will be contractually specified for the charter school, CMO, or EMO?

10. Is the LEA (or other authorizer) prepared to terminate the contract if performance expectations are not met?

The Transformation Model

The LEA replaces the principal (although the LEA may retain a recently hired principal where a turnaround, restart, or transformation was instituted in past two years); implements a rigorous staff evaluation and development system; rewards staff who increase student achievement and/or graduation rates and removes staff who have not improved after ample opportunity; institutes comprehensive instructional reform; increases learning time and applies community-oriented school strategies; and provides greater operational flexibility and support for the school.

- 1. How will the LEA select a new leader for the school, and what experience, training, and skills will the new leader be expected to possess?
- 2. How will the LEA enable the new leader to make strategic staff replacements?
- 3. What is the LEA's own capacity to support the transformation, including the implementation of required, recommended, and diagnostically determined strategies?
- 4. What changes in decision making policies and mechanisms (including greater school-level flexibility in budgeting, staffing, and scheduling) must accompany the transformation?
- 5. What changes in operational practice must accompany the transformation, and how will these changes be brought about and sustained?

School Closure Model

The LEA closes the school and enrolls the students in other schools in the LEA that are higher achieving.

- 1. What are the metrics to identify schools to be closed?
- 2. What steps are in place to make certain closure decisions are based on tangible data and readily transparent to the local community?
- 3. How will the students and their families be supported by the LEA through the re-enrollment process?
- 4. Which higher-achieving schools have the capacity to receive students from the schools being considered for closure?
- 5. How will the receiving schools be staffed with quality staff to accommodate the increase in students?
- 6. How will current staff be reassigned—what is the process for determining which staff members are dismissed and which staff members are reassigned?
- 7. Does the statutory, policy, and collective bargaining context relevant to the school allow for removal of current staff?
- 8. What supports will be provided to recipient schools if current staff members are reassigned?
- 9. What safety and security considerations might be anticipated for students of the school to be closed and the receiving school(s)?
- 10. What are the budgetary implications of retaining surplus staff within the LEA if that is necessary?
- 11. How will the LEA track student progress in the recipient schools?
- 12. What is the impact of school closure to the school's neighborhood, enrollment area, or community?
- 13. How does school closure fit within the LEA's overall reform efforts?